

South-Carolina

PRO PATRIA, PRO

MONDAY,

THE
GAZETTE.

LEX, PRO REGE.

JANUARY 2, 1775.

CHARLES TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, Printer to the Honourable the COMMONS HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

IN PROVINCIAL CONGRESS,

CAMBRIDGE, DECEMBER 10.

To the FREEMEN and other Inhabitants of
the Town and District of Massachusetts-Bay.

FRIENDS AND BRETHREN,

At a time when the good People of this Colony were deprived of their Laws, and the Administration of Justice civil and criminal; when the cruel oppressions brought on their Capital had threatened almost all their Commerce; when a standing Army was illegally posted among us, for the express purpose of enforcing submission to a system of Tyranny; and when the General Court was with the same design prohibited to sit; we were chosen and empowered by you to assemble and consult upon measures necessary for our common life and defence.

With much anxiety for our common welfare, we have attended this service; and after the coolest deliberation, have adopted the measures recommended to you.

We have still confidence in the Wisdom, Justice, and Goodness of our Sovereign, as well as the Integrity, Humanity and good Sense of the Nation. And if we had a reasonable expectation that the truth of facts would be made known in England, we should entertain the most pleasing hopes that the measures concerted by the Colonies, jointly and severally, would procure a full Redress of our Grievances: But we are constrained in Justice to YOU, to Ourselves, and Posterity, to say, that the incessant and unrelenting malice of our enemies has been so successful as to fill the Court and Kingdom of Great-Britain with falsehoods and calumnies concerning us, and to excite the most bitter and groundless prejudices against us; that the sudden dissolution of Parliament, and the hasty summons for a new election, gives us reason to apprehend that a majority of the House of Commons will be again elected under the influence of an arbitrary Ministry; and that the general tenour of our Intelligence from Great-Britain, with the frequent reinforcements of the army and navy at Boston, excites the strongest jealousy that the System of Colony Administration, so unfriendly to the Protestant Religion, and destructive of American Liberty, is still to be pursued, and attempted with force to be carried into execution.

You are placed by Providence, in the post of honour, because it is a post of danger. And while struggling for the noblest objects, the Liberties of your Country, the Happiness of Posterity, and Rights of human Nature, eyes, not only of North-America, and the whole British Empire, but of all Europe, are upon you. Let us be therefore altogether solicitous, that no disorderly behaviour, nothing unbecoming our character as Americans, as Citizens, and Christians, be justly chargeable upon us.

Whoever with a small degree of attention, contemplates the Commerce between Great-Britain and America, will be convinced that a total stoppage thereof will soon produce in Great-Britain such dangerous effects, as cannot fail to convince the Ministry, Parliament and People, That it is their interest and duty to grant us relief.

Whoever considers the number of brave Men inhabiting North-America, will know, that a general attention to military discipline, must so establish their Rights and Liberties, as, under God, to render it impossible for an arbitrary Minister of Britain to destroy them. These are facts which our Enemies are apprized of, and if they will not be influenced by Justice, to alter their cruel measures towards America, they ought to lead them thereto.

They however hope to effect by stratagem what they may not obtain by power, and are using arts, by assistance of base scribblers, who undoubtedly receive their Bribes, and by many other means, to raise doubts and divisions throughout the Colonies, to defeat their designs. We think it necessary for each Town to be particularly careful strictly to execute the plans of the Continental and Provincial Congresses; and while it censures its own individuals, countervailing these plans, that it be not deceived or diverted from its duty by rumours, should any take place, to the prejudice of other communities. Your Provincial Congresses, we have reason to hope, will HOLD UP the Towns, if any should be so lost as not to act their parts, and none can doubt that the Continental Congress will rectify errors, should any take place in any Colony through the subtlety of our Enemies. Surely no argument can be necessary to excite you to the most strict adherence to the American Association, since the minute deviation in one Colony, especially in this, will probably be misrepresented in the others, to discourage their general Zeal and Perseverance, which, however, we assure ourselves cannot be effected.

While the British Ministry are suffered with so high a Hand to tyrannize over America, no part of it we presume can be negligent in guarding against the ravages threatened by the standing army now in Boston; these troops will undoubtedly be employed in attempts to defeat the Association, which our enemies cannot but fear will eventually defeat them: and so sanguinary are those our enemies, as we have reason to think, so thirsty for the blood of this innocent people, who are only contending for their rights, that we should be guilty of the most unpardonable neglect, should we not apprise you of your danger, which appears to us imminently great, and ought to be guarded against. The improvement of the militia in general, in the art military, has been therefore thought necessary, and strongly recommended by this Congress. We now think that particular care should be taken, by the towns and districts in this colony, that each

of the minute men not already provided therewith, should be immediately equipped with an effective fire-arm, bayonet, pouch, knapsack, thirty rounds of cartridges and ball, and that they be disciplined three times a week, and often as opportunity may offer. To encourage these our worthy countrymen to obtain the skill of complete soldiers, we recommend it to the towns and districts forthwith to pay their own minute men a reasonable consideration for their services. And in case of a general muster, their further services must be recompensed by the province. An attention to discipline the militia in general, is however by no means to be neglected.

With the utmost cheerfulness we assure you of our determination to stand or fall with the liberties of America; and while we humbly implore the sovereign disposer of all things, to whose divine providence the rights of his creatures cannot be indifferent, to correct the errors, and alter the measures of an insatuated Ministry, we cannot doubt of his support, even in the extreme difficulties which we may have all to encounter. May all means devised for our safety by the General Congresses of America, and assemblies or conventions of the colonies, be resolutely executed, and happily succeed; and may this injured people be reinstated in the full exercise of their rights without the evils and devastations of a civil war.

Signed by Order of the Provincial Congress,
JOHN HANCOCK, President.

A true Extract from the Minutes.
BENJAMIN LINCOLN, Secretary.

New Advertisements.

CHARLES-TOWN, December 19th, 1774.

MR. LEECH requests that such Gentlemen as intend, and have not already subscribed towards engraving the VIEW of CHARLES-TOWN, will be so good as to do so without Delay, otherwise the sums already received will be returned, and the Picture sold here. MR. LEECH requires no more than to be indemnified the Expenses of engraving, and unless that is accomplished in the Course of the present Month, it will be impossible to fulfil the Terms of his Advertisement. He proposes to send the Picture home by Captain Curling, and in the mean Time it may be seen every Day till Two o'Clock at his House in Meeting-street, opposite the Surveyor General's Office.

JOHN CRAWFORD,

Copper-Smith, Brazier and Tin-Plate Worker,
near the Foot of Broad street,

RETURNS his sincere Thanks

to his former Friends and Customers for their past Favours, and begs Leave to acquaint them and the Public in general, That he has moved from opposite his Honour the Lieutenant Governor's to the Shop lately possessed by Mr. HENRY MINTHORN, where he intends carrying on the above Businesses in all their different Branches, upon as easy and reasonable Terms as in America, and will be greatly obliged to them for their future Orders.

N. B. Kitchen Furniture cleaned, Ready Money for old Metal, and all Commands from the Country duly executed and gratefully acknowledged.

I GIVE NOTICE that I intend to

leave the Province early in the Spring, in the mean Time am ready to answer any Suit or Summons that may be issued or brought against me, agreeable to the Attachment Ad.

As it is uncertain how long I may be absent, I shall on the first Day of March next, positively place all Debts due to me, without Distinction, in the Hands of Joshua Ward, Esq; Attorney at Law to be sued on that Day.

The valuable STOCK of GOODS, consisting of many useful Articles, is to be SOLD at a moderate Profit, for Ready Money only, from the 1st Day of January next, at my Store in Tradd-street.

Those that have any Demands, are desired to bring them in for Payment.
JAMES McCALL.
DECEMBER 26, 1774.

DECEMBER 7th, 1774.

THE Subscribers give Notice, that their Co-Partnership will expire at the End of this Year; and there being a Necessity of coming to a speedy Settlement, as Joseph Verree intends to depart the Province early in the Spring, they request all indebted to them to discharge their Accounts by the first Day of February next; all Accounts that shall remain unsettled after that Day, will be put into the Hands of an Attorney to be recovered by Law.

JOSEPH VERREE,
GEORGE HARRIS.

GEORGE HARRIS will continue to carry on the CARPENTER'S BUSINESS, and shall be obliged to their Friends for the Continuance of their Custom.

THE ANNIVERSARY MEETING of the CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY, will be held on Tuesday the 10th of January Inst. at the Library-Room in Union-street, where the Members are desired to meet.

By Order of the President,
JOHN COLCOCK, Secretary.

THOSE Persons who are in Arrears for Interest on Bonds to Mr. John Hodsdon, or to the Estate of Mr. William Ellis, are desired to discharge the same by the 1st Day of February next, at farthest.

HENRY PERONNEAU.

Charles-Town, Dec. 30, 1774.

To be SOLD,
On Wednesday the 25th Jan. Inst.
At Mr. GADSDEN's Wharf,
At ELEVEN o'Clock.

A Valuable PLANTATION in St. John's Parish, Berkeley County, containing 950 Acres, more or less, good for Corn, Rice, or Indigo, with a large Quantity of Fire-Wood, convenient to a good Landing.

A L S O,

Twenty NEGROES;

Amongst which are,

A Cooper, a jobbing Carpenter, and a good Driver, some Sawyers, and good Field Slaves.—The Conditions for the Negroes are, one Third of the Purchase-Money to be paid down.—The Remainder, Credit 'till the First of January, 1776, with Interest from the Day, and approved Security.—If the Plantation is sold, the Negroes will not be sold.

Any Person inclinable to purchase the Plantation before the Day of Sale, may apply to the Subscriber, in whose Hands the Plats may be seen.

ANDREW BROUGHTON, Sen.

HAVING declined the Dry Goods Business in Favour of Messrs. MACKENZIE & MONCRIEFF, we will be greatly obliged to our Friends for their Custom to them; and, as they have both lived with us several Years, much to our Satisfaction, we are persuaded they will use their utmost Endeavours to merit the Approbation of those who may be pleased to favour them with their Custom.

JOHN SIMPSON, & Co.

As we have appointed Mr. WILLIAM GRAHAM to settle the Books and Accounts of the deceased GEORGE DICK, all Persons indebted to his Estate, are requested to settle with him without further Delay.
JOHN NEUFVILLE,
JOHN SIMPSON,
CHARLES JOHNSTON.

For LONDON,

To sail the 20th of January, 1775.

THE SHIP

MERMAID,

Charles Harford, Master.

For Freight of Indigo or Deer-skins, apply to said Master; or
SAMUEL CARNE.



For COWES

AND

The MARKETS;

THE BRIG

RAMBLER,

BURTHEN about Eight Hundred Barrels of Rice; a prime Sailer, and well found. For Freight of the whole or any Part, apply in ten Days to the Master on board at Mr. GADSDEN's Wharf, or
CROUCH & GRAY.

Next Door to Mr. TIMOTHY's Printing-Office on the BAY,

Is to be SOLD,

RUM, WINE, BRANDY, GIN, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, SUGARS, Scotch HERRINGS, in Kegs, Scotch BARLEY, in Kegs or Bags, BARRIS and Irish HERRINGS, and Carolina BEEF, in Barrels, or by Retail; English, Irish, and Northward POTATOES, as fine as any imported.—A neat Assortment of enamelled Queen's Ware, Dishes, Plates, and Mugs, Freemasons Arms;—a Variety of Glass Decanters, and Table Linens of different Sizes and Prices; about 2000 Weight of Piemontese, and a small Assortment of striped Lawns and Aprons;—Negro Stockings, Boys Shoes and Chappel Pumps:—All which Articles will be sold cheap for CASH ONLY, by

LAUGHLIN MARTIN.

BOARD and LODGING, &c. &c.

PHILADELPHIA, NOVEMBER 23.
Gentlemen now in this City, who formerly resided in Russia, declared, that if an hundred thousand Russians could be brought to America, and permitted to enjoy for only one month the liberty of speaking their sentiments freely upon all subjects, they would be so transported with this single privilege, that they would all die in defending it. How much more are Americans contending for?

BOSTON, NOVEMBER 24.
In the violent storm on Monday night last, considerable damage was done to the wharves, and to the shipping in this harbour; two or three of the transports had their sterns drove in, and otherwise much hurt; several other vessels lost their top-masts, &c. A small schooner in the government service, laying at a wharf, was sunk. Tops of many chimnies thrown down, and other damage done at different parts of this town.

Yesterday was drove into this town, 34 fine fat cattle, as a present to the poor here, from the town of Litchfield in Connecticut. The like number we are told are now sitting at the same place, for the like purpose.

This town is daily receiving generous presents from all quarters.

NOVEMBER 25.
By the last vessel from England, we have it from undoubted authority, that the members of both Houses who are friends to America, have frequent communications, for the purpose of dropping their private misunderstandings, and uniting in the public cause, which at present needs their joint assistance; since a breach with America, hazarded by the late harsh measures, may be ruinous to the general welfare of the British empire; and notwithstanding it has been industriously represented that Lord Chatham has deserted our cause, it may be certainly depended upon by the public, that the contrary is the truth, that his sentiments are such as America could wish.

PHILADELPHIA, NOVEMBER 30.
Extract of a letter from Williamsburg, in Virginia, dated November 12, 1774.

"The Virginians are very warm in the American cause.—Capt. Easton, of the Virginian, arrived a few days ago at York, who had two Chests of tea on board: the committee of that county had a meeting, and determined that the tea should be destroyed, and the ship to depart the county for London, in 20 days, without taking any thing on board.—The tea was accordingly hove overboard; and I make no doubt but the ship will be obliged to return to London in ballast."

Capt. Easton has been above 20 years constantly employed in this trade, and was very highly and generally respected: but it was justly concluded, that a departure from virtue and duty, in such a capital instance, could not be excused or overlooked, on account of any former services, goodness of character, relation, or any other consideration.

By the public papers from the different colonies we find, that large committees are appointed, or appointing, to see that the regulations of the Congress are punctually complied with.

NEW-YORK, DECEMBER 5.
By letters from Santa-Croix, we learn, that the inhabitants of that island were in hopes soon to be relieved from the heavy tax lately laid on them by their King, viz. The Stamp-Act.

On Monday evening at a full meeting of the committee of inspection, we hear they entered into some proper rules and measures for the effectual discharge of the important duties of their appointment, in order to a strict compliance with the resolutions and recommendations of the General Congress.

BOSTON, DECEMBER 5.
Friday last the provincial congress made choice of the Hon. John Hancock, Esq; the Hon. Thomas Cushing, Esq; Mr. Samuel Adams, John Adams, Esq; and Robert Treat Paine, Esq; as Delegates to represent this province at the Continental Congress to be held at Philadelphia the 20th of May next.

Last Saturday afternoon the Scarborough man of war, which went express from hence to England the beginning of September last, returned hither again, with dispatches for his Excellency the Governor, the contents have not transpired.—The Scarborough sailed from Plymouth the 24th of October, and it is said, three ships of the line, viz. the Asia, Boyne and Somerset, with the Hind frigate and Falcon sloop of war, with 500 marines on board each of the large ships, were to sail soon after for this place.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated October 4.
"The people here now seem to be heartily sick of the measures that have been taken against your port and province, and I hear the ministry do not know which way to steer; they are loath to give up their tyrannical power, but they must if the colonies are redoubt. The news in your papers makes all the court-party look blue. We do not yet know the contents of General Gage's express. The friends of America increase fast. Petitions are forming in all parts of the kingdom in favour of America. We are all impatient to know the result of the Congress. If the colonies are firm for one year, and neither import or export, it would establish American Freedom, for this country cannot support itself without the colonies."

Extract of a Letter from London, dated October 3, wrote by a Gentleman of the first character.

"Never did I feel myself so anxious about public affairs as at this moment. Our own interest is intimately connected with the perseverance of our American brethren in their opposition to the tyranny of our Government. Should they continue firm, it will be scarcely possible that they should not succeed in preserving their Liberties; and the preservation of their Liberty ought to be an object of the last concern, to all in this Country; for if only among them we can hope to find it, after Luxury, Dissipation, a servile Parliament, an overwhelming load of debts and taxes have completed its ruin here.—I cannot help believing that this will be the last struggle which America will have with us.—If they are now steady and succeed, they will have no reason to fear any future attempts to enslave them. But, if they now submit, they will be subdued forever, and the only nursery of Freedom now in the World, will be lost.—May Heaven avert such a calamity!—I cannot indeed imagine a state of worse slavery than that in which the Colonies would be, were they on

this occasion, to submit.—To be not only subject to many hard restraints in acquiring their property, but to hold it, after being acquired, at the discretion of our Rulers; to have no Constitutions of Government of their own, but to have their Laws made, and their Governments modelled, by a Legislature on the other side of the Atlantic, which cannot judge of their circumstances, in which they have no voice, and all whose acts are but little more than echoes to the will of the Fool or the Tyrant who happens to be Minister in this country.—What an abject condition would this be!—The present state of our Parliament is such, that it is our own greatest calamity to be governed by it. How base would it be to with the Americans involved in the same calamity!—The mode of opposition which the Americans are likely to adopt, must do them the greatest service, by checking luxury among them, and obliging them to save the money they now spend among us in purchasing superfluities. At the same time it must essentially injure us; for such are our present circumstances, that we hang upon the American trade; and the loss of it would sink the revenue, and soon bring on riots and insurrections, and a public bankruptcy. But I am not frightened by these consequences. The preservation of American Liberty I think of unspeakably more important than any temporary sufferings which can come upon us. I also consider our present state as so corrupt, and our excellent constitution of Government as so entirely subverted by the unbending influence of the Crown, that my only hope arises from the prospect of a convulsion (dreadful while it lasts) which shall destroy artificial wealth and all the means of corruption, reduce us to poverty and simplicity, overturn the whole present system of policy, and be followed by the re-establishment of public Liberty and Virtue.

"I have been concerned to see in the Pennsylvania instructions to their deputies a proposal that, previous to any other measures, a memorial or remonstrance should be presented to our government. The Colonies have, I think, already sufficiently tried such methods as these. Our government, if consistent, would not receive any memorial from an assembly which they consider as illegal.—It is now too late for negotiation, nor can it issue in any good to the American cause. Vigorous measures alone can be successful. And some think, that had the Americans fled immediately to the last resource, the quarrel might by this time have been almost decided; for the present Ministry could not have found supplies for so horrid a service, and a change of men and of measures must have soon taken place."

"The sentiments I have express'd, are those of the greatest part of my acquaintance, some of whom are persons of the first weight. I chuse to mention this, because I wish the Americans not to direct their resentment against all indiscriminately in this country. They may be assured, that they have a large body of friends here, who from a sense of human nature, detest what has been done against them.—Perhaps the most provoking and mean of all the measures against them is the Quebec Bill, the plain design of which is to fix a body of Popish Slaves behind them, subject to the King's will, who may serve as a curb upon them."

"P. S. The Scarborough, I find, is arrived from Boston, with accounts of a very interesting nature. Nothing that has happened at Boston since the ad of September has yet transpired; and the government takes particular care to keep the accounts they have received of what passed on and after that day, a profound secret, by not suffering any of the crew to come ashore, or to hold any conversation with any visitants.—In the mean time, the Parliament, which would have expired necessarily in the spring, has been suddenly dissolved; and the whole nation is now in a great ferment about electioneering. It is suspected that the design of Government, in this case, is to get a new Parliament returned as soon as possible, while the kingdom is in the dark, lest the news they have received, when known, should increase the public clamour, and render it more difficult to get a new Parliament they can influence. But we must soon know the whole truth. Perhaps the sword has been drawn.—Indeed I cannot express how much I feel for you."

DECEMBER 11.
On Saturday last the provincial Congress at Cambridge, having finished the business necessary to be immediately dispatched, dissolved themselves:—Previous to which they passed the following Resolves,

That it be, and it is hereby earnestly recommended, to the several towns and districts in this province, that each of them do forthwith elect and depute as many members as to them shall seem necessary to be present at a provincial Congress, to be held at Cambridge on the 1st day of February next ensuing, to be chosen by such only as are qualified by law to vote for representatives in the General Assembly, and to be continued by adjournment as they shall see cause until the Tuesday next preceeding the last Wednesday in May next, and no longer, to consult, deliberate, and resolve upon such further measures, as, under God, shall be effectual to save this people from impending ruin, and to secure those inestimable liberties derived from our ancestors, and which it is our duty to preserve to posterity.

Since our last arrived from England the Asia man of war of 74 guns, and the Boyne of 70; the former with 500 marines on board, which are this week to land and go into barracks, that are preparing for their reception.

NEW-YORK, DECEMBER 12.
We hear that at a meeting of the General Committee of this city and county, two Sub-Committees were appointed to superintend the sales of two cargoes of goods arrived here since the 1st day of December. And it was the opinion of the Committee, that all goods, wares and merchandize, enumerated in the first article of the association of the Continental Congress, should be subject to the regulations contained in the tenth article.

Last week several parcels of goods were sold here agreeable to the association entered into by the Continental Congress; and many more will be disposed of this week in like manner, as the Lady Gage, Capt. Mearns, that arrived here last Friday night, has a tolerable Cargo on board.

NEWPORT, (Rhode-Island) DECEMBER 12.
It has been thrown out by the enemies to the united colonies in North-America, that 10 or 15,000 French Canadians will come against us at the command of Gen. Gage; but we can assure our readers there are not 15,000 men in all Canada, able to bear arms, and march down to these colonies; and further, by what they have already done in appointing committees, &c. it appears that far the greater part of them are as sick of the late regulations as any Protestant American on the continent.

By a gentleman arrived here last week from New York,

through Connecticut, we are assured that when he came away, a brig was taking in 128 pieces of cannon, to carry to Boston; that the militia of the small towns of Groton and Stonington were under arms when he came along; which amounted to 1200 brave fellows, and that the martial spirit flames gloriously throughout the country. New-England only will be as well able to resist 50,000 troops next spring, as the whole continent was to resist 20,000 last war.

The General Assembly have ordered 40,000 flints, 300 barrels of powder, 3 tons of lead, and 4 brass field pieces, to be procured for the use of this colony.

Last Friday and Saturday all the cannon belonging to Fort-George, except 4, were carried to Providence, with the shot, &c. from whence they may be easily conveyed into the country, to meet the Indians and Canadians with which the colonies are threatened.

The Tory faction in this town, the beginning of last week, grinned horrible a ghastly smile, and prophesied there would be high fun by Saturday night; however, they have been somehow most shockingly disappointed and chagrined, as it is always hoped they will be.

Yesterday the Rose man of war arrived here from New-London, and anchored between the North-end of Goat-island, and this island.

NEW-YORK, DECEMBER 13.
Extract of a Letter from New-Haven, dated December 12, 1774.

"A Gentleman just arrived from Quebec, brings advice, that Governor Carlton had attempted to raise a regiment of Canadians.—That he first applied to the inhabitants, who, to a man, refused; that he then solicited the Indians, who also refused meddling in the matter, saying, that they considered the dispute like the falling out between father and son."

We hear the letter of the General Congress, to the inhabitants of Canada, had met with a very general and high approbation throughout that country, where a translation of it had been published.

New Advertisements.

AN ADDRESS to the Fair Sex.
LADIES, if your Daughters incline to write, And in a fair Correspondence they delight, At Mrs. DAVIS's; their Company I beseech, It's in St. MICHAEL'S-ALLEY where I teach; From Nine to Eleven every Morn, Their pliable Minds I'll strive to adorn, By Advice adapted to their tender Years, Both mild and pleasing to dispel their Fears; Thus, raise a noble Ardour in their Breast To be learn'd; and of a generous Soul possess, Which internal Accomplishments inspire, Exalt'd Ideas! forcing higher! and higher! Such noble Conceptions in their Minds, Spurn Vice! Virtue free Admission finds. The Frowns of Fortune can't such long distress, They'll always find some Comfort in their Breast. So that a Tutor's most material Part, Is to make good Impressions on the Heart Of their Pupils; notions they can then imbibe Seldom are eras'd, or ever laid aside. Critic, hark! I'm no Poet! he at Peace, I have not wrote to you, it's to your Niece; It's the Ladies' Approbation I implore, In obtaining that I desire no more.

BEN. WALLER.

ANN BALL,
Has for SALE,
At her SHOP on MOTTE'S Wharf, EXCEEDING fine POTATOES, just arrived in the Brig. ELLIOTT, after a short Passage of only five Weeks from IRELAND. Likewise, Jamaica and West-India Rum, Muscovado Sugar, red Port Wine by the Dozen, Hopkins's Water Bread, superfine Flour in Kegs, Coffee, best Burlington Hams, fine Salt, &c.

INDICO,
Purchased in any QUANTITY, AND Orders given for the Payment thereof, upon as good and punctual Merchants as are in CHARLES-TOWN.
JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

WANTED,
To manage Part of the domestic Affairs of a small Family, where there are no Children.
A Discreet good tempered WOMAN, well qualified in all the Duties of a complete Housekeeper—Neatness particularly expected—Liberal Terms will be proposed to a proper Person.—Enquire at TIMOTHY's Printing-Office.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the ship COUNTERS of DUNFRIES, from GLASGOW, and to be sold, by the Package, at a moderate Advance, A NEAT ASSORTMENT of Hard WARE, Cheeks, Check Handkerchiefs, and printed Ditto; Thread, Table Cloths, Camblers, Bed-Ticks, Osnaburghs, Gauzes and Lawns; Hats, Shoes, Saddles, &c. &c. &c.
The Invoices may be seen, and Terms of Sale known, by applying at Mrs. Dawson's, in Trade-Street, to ANDREW THOMSON.

The SUBSCRIBER.
IS determined to decline all Sort of Business, by the First of January; and being under an absolute Necessity of having all his Affairs settled, that he may satisfy his Creditors before this ensuing Spring, therefore GIVES THIS PUBLIC NOTICE, to all those any Ways indebted to him, by Bond, Note, or open Account, to settle the same to his Satisfaction, on or before the First of March next:—After which Date, if this Notice is neglected, they must settle with an Attorney at Law, without further Notice.
JAMES FALLOWS,
CHARLES-TOWN, December 29, 1774.

THE Northern Papers assure us, that Lord Dartmouth has written to the Governors of all the Colonies on this Continent, to take the most effectual Measures for arming, detaining, and securing, any GUN-POWDER, or any Part of ARMS or AMMUNITION, that may be attempted to be imported into any such Colonies.

IN GENERAL COMMITTEE.

CHARLES-TOWN, December 11, 1774.

WHEREAS by a late Proclamation, prohibiting the Exportation of Gunpowder from Great-Britain, and many other Steps lately taken by the Ministry, it too plainly appears, that they have in View a Design of disarming the People of America, in order the more easily and speedily to dragoon and enslave them: We, the GENERAL COMMITTEE of this Colony, therefore think it absolutely necessary, as well for that, as other prudential Reasons, to recommend to all such Persons as with any Convenience can, to provide themselves immediately with at least a Keg of 12½ Pounds, with a proportionable Quantity of Bullets.

By Order of the General Committee.

PETER TIMOTHY, Secretary.

In every Colony to the Northward of this, they have appointed Committees for the Purposes recommended in the Association entered into by the Continental Congress.

We have not yet obtained the Names of the Gentlemen, who are elected Deputies to represent the Parishes of Prince-George, St. David, St. Matthews, and St. Mark, at the General Meeting to be held here on the 11th Instant.—The Election of thirty Deputies for this Town will be on Monday next. And there is to be a previous Meeting of the Persons qualified to vote, ON FRIDAY EVENING SIX O'CLOCK, IN THE LONG ROOM AT MR. RAMADGE'S TAVERN, in order to propose proper Persons, and prepare a List.

The Hon. Edward Fenwick, of this Province, and his whole Family, are returned from England, in the Mermaid, Capt. Harford: In which Ship are also returned, Mr. Edward Taylor, and Mrs. Fowler—Mr. Richard Fowler died on the Passage.

The third Cargo of Rice sent by the Inhabitants of this Colony, to wards relieving their suffering Brethren in Boston, consisting of 103 Tierses, is arrived at New-York.

The London, Capt. Curling, now bound for London, will be the richest Ship that ever went over this Bar, having on board, besides 338 Tierses of Rice and other Goods, Seven Hundred and Eighty-four Casks of Indigo, containing 293,527 Pounds—which makes the Quantity cleared for Exportation, to this Day, amount to 913,183 Pounds.

On Saturday last his Majesty's Packet-Boat Comet, commanded by Capt. McDonogh, arrived with the Mails from Jamaica and Pensacola.

Amongst the Passengers arrived here from New-York, are the Hon. Robert Catherwood, of St. Augustine, Mrs. Catherwood, and Mrs. Barry.

Yesterday died, much regretted by every one who knew him, Mr. George Blaikie, Cooper, lately returned from Britain, whither he went for the Recovery of his Health. Last Saturday put into this Port, in Distress, the Snow Swallow, Capt. M'Clay, from Georgia bound for London.

Mr. TIMOTHY,

Please to insert the following QUERIES in your Gazette, and let us hope for an Answer from THOSE who are able.

Qu. 1. WERE the Delegates of the Province of South-Carolina empowered to agree on its Behalf to any general Measures, which the major Part of the late Congress should adopt for the Support of our just Rights?

Qu. 2. The Indulgence granted for the Exportation of our Staple Commodity RICE, to Great-Britain, so contrary to the general Spirit of the Association, and to the whole Plan of our commercial Defence, was this strictly agreeable to the Opinion of the Majority of the Congress? Or,

Qu. 3. Was it extorted from the Congress, after some Days Hesitation, by the Instance of our Delegates, and submitted to by the former expressly and only for the sake of Union?

Qu. 4. And would our Delegates have ventured to have broke that Union—an Union on which our Salvation depends, by not signing the Association; if the 4th Article thereof had not been qualified with the last Words, "except Rice to Great-Britain?"

Qu. 5. Were those Members ever instructed by the people to hold out in that Article,—and to refuse their Vote, if not complied with?

Qu. 6. Even supposing we were not upon a Level, as to the Privilege of Exportation, with some other Colonies, is it the grand struggle now, Whether we shall be upon a Level? or is it, Whether we shall be free, and who shall do most and suffer most to establish this Freedom?

Qu. 7. Did not the General Meeting of this Province appear rather eager to hasten the Non-Exportation of Rice, than to refuse it; and does not this Indulgence rather surprise than please the People?

Qu. 8. The Delegates did they not therefore plainly act upon their own Bottom, and contrary to the Wishes and Desires of their Constituents, and endanger the Harmony of the Colonies, and render weak, if not ineffectual, the Measures of the Whole?

Qu. 9. Do not the Rice Planters in this Province lay Claim to the Glory of standing foremost in Self-Denial, for the Defence of their Country? And was it not a cruel Reflection upon them, to insinuate, that they even wished to be distinguished from their American Brethren in general, or the worthy Planters of Indigo in particular?

Qu. 10. May not the truly generous and noble Body of Rice Planters therefore agree, to refuse the unasked Gratification? May they not prevent all jealousies, and set a most manly Part in putting themselves upon a Level with their Brethren the Indigo Planters? Is this not to be much preferred to the Scheme of Barter proposed, which it will not only be as difficult to obtain the Assent of the Colony to, as the above—but be infinitely more difficult to accomplish to Satisfaction?—What a most conspicuous Figure must it make in the Annals of American Patriotism, to have it read, by every future Age, that the truly brave inhabitants of this Colony, refused even to be indulged, at the Expense of bleeding Liberty, and did that of themselves, which their Representatives refused to do for them.

A COUNTRY RICE PLANTER.

Timothy's Marine List.

Dec.	Arrivals at Charles-Town.	From
27th.	Ship Beaufain, Samuel Purchase,	London
	Ship Emperor, John Beckwith,	London
	Ship Portland, James Wilson,	Gosport
	Ship Indian King, William Saunders,	Tobago
	Bright. Sufannah, Robert Crawford,	London
	Sloop William & Joseph, Bevil Pitt,	Tobago
28th.	Ship Harrietta, Thomas Randal,	Amsterdam
	Ship Anne, William Ward,	London
	Ship Mermaid, Charles Harford,	London
	Bark Eagle, Henry Barnes,	Whitehaven
	Bright. Rambler, George Cabot,	Cadiz
	Bright. Friendship, Robert Erskine,	Glasgow
	Bright. John, John Ahier,	London
	Scooner Active, Francis Morgan,	St. Eustatius
	Sloop Friendship, Daniel Munro,	Rhode-Island
29th.	Ship St. Helena, George Arthar,	Bristol
	Ship Yeoward, Richard Howes,	Liverpool
	Scooner Comet (Packet) Capt. M'Donogh,	Pensacola
	Scooner Two Brothers, Thomas Ellis,	Providence
	Sloop New-York Packet, Jesse Hunt,	New York
30th.	Ship Admiral-Spy, Michael Kelly,	Falmouth
	Bright. Molly, Tho. Archdeacon,	Glasgow
	Scooner Nancy, Simon Forrester,	Salem
31st.	Scooner Sally, John Roberts,	St. Martin
	Sloop Elizabeth, Joseph Decamp,	Perth-Amboy
Jan. 1st.	Snow Swallow, Robert M'Clay,	Georgia
	Bright. Neptune, William Thomson,	Jamaica
	Sloop Polly, John Conyers,	Grenada
2d.	Bright. Franklin, Thomas Lyell,	Ferrol
	Scooner Charlotte, Alexander Boyd,	New-York
Dec.	Ships,	For
23rd.	Bright. Friendship, Tho. Newell,	Cadiz
	Scooner Thoro'good, William Pitt,	Georgia
29th.	Bark Hawke, John Coupland,	Cowes
30th.	Bark Lowther, Thomas Colman,	George-Town
	Bark Betty, William Wood,	George-Town
1st.	Scooner Betty & Polly, Samuel Stone,	Georgia
Jan. 1st.	Scooner Ch. Tn. & Sav. Pac. J. Turner,	Georgia
	Sloop Live-Oak, John Mitchell,	North-Carolina
	Remain undischarged at this time,	For
	Ship London, Alexander Curling,	London
	Ship Leffen, Roger Bartlett,	London
	Ship George, Alex. Alexander,	Lisbon
	Snow Arabella, Robert Anderson,	Cadiz
	Scooner Britania, Benjamin Boden,	Lisbon
	Scooner Cha. Polly, Tho. Herriott,	St. Eustatius
	Ships left betwixt this and our next.	
	Ship Hayley, James Scott,	London
	Ship Lillies, Hercules Angus,	Lisbon
	Ship Ann, Patrick Miller,	Gosport
	Ship Fair-American, Jos. Harrington,	Cowes
	Ship Heffer, Stephen Beeson,	London
	Ship Pitt, Joseph Cheefman,	Lisbon
	Bark Neptune, John Wilson,	Liverpool
	Snow Le Despatcher (Packet) W. Pond,	Falmouth
	Snow Kingston Packet, Wm. Mattocks,	Bristol
	Snow Fisher & Friendship, W. Forrester,	Falmouth
	Bright. Elizabeth, James Rankin,	Barcelona
	Bright. Nelly, James Webber,	Oporto
	Bright. Betty, George Fowler,	New-York
	Bright. Leifone-Hour, Jos. Thomson,	St. Eustatius
	Bright. Jolliff, William Reed,	Lisbon
	Bright. Charming Jenny, Rich. Brewer,	Jamaica
	Scooner Sally, Anthony Hooper,	Barbados
	Scooner Active, Francis Morgan,	St. Croix
	Sloop Dove, Josiah Thacher,	Dominica
	Sloop Three Friends, Josiah Hunt,	Bermuda
	Entered out betwixt this and our next.	
	Ship Sally, Isaac Burton,	For London
	Ship Polly, Samuel Ayres,	London
	Ship Beaufain, Samuel Purchase,	London
	Ship Newmarket, Gilbert Wilton,	London
	Ship Portland, James Wilson,	London
	Ship Polly, Friend Stratton,	Oporto
	Ship Emperor, John Beckwith,	Oporto
	Ship Countess of Dumfries, Robert Eson,	Gosport
	Ship Cato John, Dennistoun,	Falmouth
	Ship Harrietta, Thomas Randal,	Cowes
	Ship Liberty & Property, John Martin,	Bristol
	Ship Indian King, William Saunders,	Tobago
	Bright. Elliott, John Waring,	Cowes
	Bright. Sufannah, Robert Crawford,	Oporto
	Bright. John, John Ahier,	Cowes
	Bright. Betty, William Kinnier,	Falmouth
	Bright. Friendship, John Lewis,	New-York
	Bright. Union, Zach. Burchmore,	Cadiz
	Sloop Sarah, Ephraim Hinson,	Grenada
	Sloop Francis, Francis Farmingham,	Barbados
	Sloop Sally, Joseph Craig,	Jamaica
	Other vessels in Port.	
	His Majesty's Sloop Tamar, C. Thornbrough,	Jamaica
	Ship Taunton, John Fowler,	Condemed
	Ship King George, John Teap,	Liverpool
	Ship Two Brothers,	Cowes
	Bark Hopewell, John Ayler,	
	Bright. Mary & Elizabeth, Tho. Parmiter,	
	Bright. Charles-Town Pac. S. Wright,	Philadelphia
	Bright. Liberty, Stephen Seymour,	
	Bright. Sezenyph, William Moore,	Philadelphia
	Bright. Senenia, Walter Clark,	
	Bright. Speedwell, Sabinus Palmer,	
	Bright. Africa, James Clark,	
	Scooner Cicely, Paul Preston,	
	Scooner Little Dick, Robt. Harrison,	
	Sloop Polly, Edward Coddington,	Georgia
	Sloop Hetty, David Times,	Jamaica
	Sloop Hope, Nicholas Vallenge,	
	Sloop Liberty, Sandford Monro,	Rhode-Island

New Advertisements.

WANTS EMPLOY.

A PERSON that would be glad to be placed on a Plantation.—And, as a Salary is but a second Consideration, would give his Service for a small Consideration. As he understands Accounts, and the Management of Negroes, and is of unexceptionable Character, he flatters himself, he could give Satisfaction to his Employers.—Has no Objection to any Distance, either in this or the next Province.

Any Person whom this may suit, by leaving their Address at TIMOTHY'S Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange, will be waited on.

The SUBSCRIBER,

Desires Leave to inform the PUBLIC,

THAT the Mill continues the STAY and MANTUA-MAKING BUSINESS, in all the different Branches; and will engage to serve those Ladies who please to employ her, on as reasonable Terms as any in this Province.—She would also be willing to take a few CHILDREN to Board and Lodge, at a reasonable Rate;—whose Parents may depend on their having proper Care taken of them, and their Morals improved, by

ELEANOR POTTER.

For Sale by private Contract.

NUMBER 1. A Lot of Land fronting on the Bay of Charles-Town, containing 97 Feet, and 23 in breadth, being the very best Situation for a Store or Stores in Town, having a Front on said Bay on a Street running parallel with the Exchange, and one Street to the Eastward of said Lot. The Purchaser of this Lot need not be under any Apprehension of not being permitted to build thereon, as the Tenor of the original Grant and all the Titles since, from my Predecessors, have no Restriction; and Land in the same Circumstances on which Part of the Exchange is built, was paid for as private Property to Mr. Simmons.

Number 2. A Lot and Store in Possession of Messrs. Blaikie, rented at 270/2, with a Store adjoining.

Number 3. A Lot and Store in Possession of Mr. Brower, and a Lot adjoining, which for an additional sum of 300/2, will rent for 900/2.

Number 4. A Lot and Stores in Possession of Mr. Turpin and Messrs. Crouch & Gray, rented at 240/2.—Twelve Months Credit, with Interest from the Date, on giving good Security.

JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

N. B. The whole Wharf being the best Situation, and most accustomed one in Town, together with the above Lots and Stores, and all others on said Wharf, with the Dock; if a Purchaser applies, will be sold at a reasonable Price, as to bring 12 per Cent. on the Purchase Money, allowing for 12 Weeks Wages and Negro Hire; and by laying out an additional sum of 5000/2, more in Buildings, the Income on that Sum will be 30 per Cent. at least.

For Sale, by private Contract.

THE Subscriber's valuable Plantation on Santee River, containing by a late Survey, Fourteen Hundred Acres of Land; about 100 Acres is Swamp suitable for Corn, Rice or Indigo, and the Remainder is high Land suitable for Corn and Indigo; there are several Conveniences for Reservoirs. On the said Plantation is an established Ferry, which at present rents for 400/2 per Year, without Attendance or any Expense to the Proprietor. The said Land is equal in Quality to any thereabouts. The Terms of Payment will be made easy to the Purchaser. For further Particulars apply to Messrs. JOHN SIMPSON & Co. in Charles-Town.

JAMES MURRAY.

For LONDON,

(To sail the 20th of JANUARY.)

THE SHIP

PORTLAND,

JAMES WILSON, Master.

FOR Freight of Indigo, or Deer-Skins, apply to said Master on board, now lying at Champneys's Wharf. N. B. Excellent Accommodations for Passengers.

For SPAIN, PORTUGAL,

Or COWES, and the MARKETS, THE NEW SHIP

Countess of Dumfries,

Robert Eson, Master,

Built at Port-Royal in this Province, burthen One Thousand Barrels of Rice.

AND,

THE BRIGANTINE

BETTY,

Wm. Kinnier, Master,

Burthen about Six Hundred Barrels of RICE.

For Freight, apply to

John Simpson, & Co.

For LONDON,

THE SHIP

SALLY,

Isaac Burton, Master.

For Freight of about 300 Barrels of Rice, agree with the said Master, or

MILES BREWTON.

RUN AWAY,

From the Estate of JOSEPH FABIAN'S Plantation near Wiltown, in St. Paul's Parish,

A Negro Man named JOBSON,

Had on when he went away, a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches; he is pretty remarkable in being very stout and strong built, particularly about his Breast and Shoulders, has lost one of his fore Teeth, and licks a little for want of it; he is about five Feet 6½ Inches high, was seen on Saturday the 17th Instant passing Wallis's Bridge, and it is thought he was making for Goose Creek, Santee, or Four-Holes, where he has some Acquaintances, particularly at Mr. M'Kelvie's, Santee. A Reward of TEN POUNDS and all reasonable Charges will be paid for delivering him to the Warden of the Workhouse in Charles-Town, or to me upon the said Plantation.

WILLIAM SWINTON.

December 22d, 1774.

Order of His Honour the **LIEUT. GOVERNOR.**
In Order to guard against the dreadful Calamity of FIRE, Public Notice is hereby given, to every Person living in or occupying any Room or Apartment in any of His Majesty's Barracks in *Charles-Town*. That they are hereby required, once in every Fortnight, during their Residence therein, to have their respective Chimnies carefully swept and cleaned; and, at their Neglect thereof (upon the first Information given) they will be removed out of said Barracks, and otherwise punished, with the utmost Rigour of the Law in such Cases provided.
JOHN POAUG, Barrack-Master.

The DRAWING & PAINTING ACADEMY,
(AS FORMERLY ADVERTISED)
WAS OPENED
On Wednesday the 23d of Nov. last,
By John & Hamilton Stevenson,
L I M N E R S.
WHO propose to teach the Principles and Practice of this beautiful Art in all its various Branches, after the Manner they are taught in the Roman Schools, viz. Portrait, Landscape, Flowers, Birds, Figures and Drawing from the Bust and Statue, in a style never before taught in this Province; Painting from the Life in Crayons and in Miniature on Ivory; Painting on Silk, Satin, &c. Fan painting, together with the Art of working Designs in Hair upon Ivory, &c.
The great Importance of this Art to Ladies and Gentlemen, as a Branch of polite Education, and to Mechanics, as an Assistant in their respective Employments, is well known to all who have any Taste for Drawing: An Evening Class will be opened for the latter, in which will be taught Planning, Architecture, &c.
Private Attendance will be given at the Boarding Schools, and to such Ladies and Gentlemen as may find it inconvenient to attend the publick Classes.
Materials of every Kind and of the first Quality will be provided on the easiest Terms.
They continue to paint, as usual, at their House in Meeting-Street, next Door to James Parsons, Esq; History and Portraits, Large, in Miniature for Rings & Bracelets; Family & Conversation Pieces; Designs of every Kind executed in Hair, and in Hair and Colours, in a manner never before attempted; Also Sewing with Hair upon Silk for Bracelets, a Method which preserves the Hair and Work to the latest Ages.
The better to accommodate their Employers and lessen the great Expence of framing, they have contracted with and brought out a *Carver and Gilder*, and frame Pictures, Prints, &c. at the London Prices; For the same Reason they have likewise brought out a *Yeweller*, for the Purpose of setting Miniature Pictures, &c. upon the same Terms; they are both, perfect in their Employments.
HAMILTON STEVENSON, has been employed for some Years of late, in the most distinguished Families at Home, as a Teacher of Drawing and Painting; he has acquired a Method of communicating that Art, that cannot fail of bringing on his Pupils in a Manner that will give the greatest Satisfaction to the Parents and Guardians of such as may be entrusted to their Care.
They intend to give a constant Place and Materials gratis, to any Two young Men of Genius that may be recommended by the Church-Wardens or the South-Carolina Society; the Place to be supplied by new Pupils every Year.

To be SOLD by Auction,
On Wednesday the 1st of February next,
At Mr. Brickland's, on Charles-Town Neck,
At 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon.
ABOUT Seventy valuable **NEGROES**, belonging to the Estate of the late **PETER MANIGAULT, Esq;** being the Gangs of two Plantations of the deceased, the Cultivation whereof is discontinued.
The Purchasers may have three or four Years Credit, giving approved Security, and punctually paying their Interest annually.
GABRIEL MANIGAULT, ROBERT WILLIAMS, JOHN PARKER, WILLIAM SANBURY. Executors.

ALL Persons indebted to the late **PETER MANIGAULT, Esq;** deceased, by Bond, Note or otherwise, are for the last Time desired to discharge the same by the First of March next, in Default whereof they will be sued without further Notice: And those for whom he became bound, are requested by that Time, either to pay their respective Obligations, or procure other Security, as there is an absolute Necessity his Estate should be discharged from such Incumbrances.
GABRIEL MANIGAULT, JOHN PARKER, ROBERT WILLIAMS, WILLIAM SANBURY.

ANY Person or Persons having any **NEGROES** on dispose of, at a reasonable Rate, and will take Country-Products in Payment, such as Rice, Indigo, Tar, Pitch, Turpentine, and Lumber, may hear of a Purchaser, by applying in *George-Town*, to
JOHN VIVIEN, Tavern-Keeper.

At JACOB VALK'S Office.
For PRIVATE SALE,
THREE TENEMENTS in *Allen-street*, commonly called *Dutch Church Alley*, at so low a Price as £. 700 Currency each.—They now Rent at £. 100 Currency per Annum each.
Four TENEMENTS, lately built, with convenient Kitchens to each, situated in *Old Church-street Continued*, joining *Ellyer-street*, *Celliten-Square*. The Rooms are neatly papered, with Balconies to each Tenement, having a View over *Crocker-River*; now rented at £. 160 per Annum each.—To be had at so low a Price as £. 1100 Currency each Tenement. For further Particulars, apply to
JACOB VALK.

FOUR valuable Tracts of Land, one of 1000 Acres, the other 400, 300, and 100 Acres making another Tract of 1000 Acres laid out to great Advantage, as to extend two Miles upon the River *Ogechee*, the Quality of the first Thousand Acres is entirely adapted for Rice, the Soil of an exceeding good Quality, and Swamp sufficient to work 150 or more Islands to advantage, and but 25 or 26 Miles from the Town of Savannah, and 4 or 5 from *Great Ogechee River*; the Timber growing is chiefly Cypress, Tupelo, Gum and Maple. The other three Tracts bound easterly on the River; upwards of 600 Acres is extraordinary fine for Indigo or any high Land Produce, being what is generally called high River Swamp, and thought by good Judges to equal the Lands up *Savannah River*, that annually produces such amazing Crops.
The Up-Lands that border upon the Swamp is extremely high, and delightful for Settlements, interspersed with sudden Falls, from which issue Springs of the finest Water, and reckoned to be remarkably healthy. The River also abounds with the greatest Plenty of fresh Water Fish, and a very good and extensive Range for Stock. The Plat may be seen, and further Particulars known of
JACOB VALK.

THOSE to whom Mr. John Helman, of St. Andrew's Parish, Planter, is anywise indebted, are desired to make known their respective Demands to
JACOB VALK.

To be Sold at private Sale,
A very valuable settled Plantation, with a Dwelling House, Orchard, and every necessary Building, situated in St. Bartholomew's Parish, containing 1200 Acres, is exceeding good Rice Land; the Rest good Provision Land, and well timbered, being about 14 Miles from *Jacksonburgh*, 38 from *Charles-Town*, and about 6 from the Landing at *Parker's Ferry*.
For further Particulars, enquire of
JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract.
A Valuable Lot of Land in *King-street*, opposite where the *Old Goal* was, running through from the said Street into *Orange-street* 200 Feet in Depth, and in Front of either Street 20 Feet, on which there is a very good Dwelling House (a Brick House) two Stories high, with other Conveniences. For further Particulars, enquire of
JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract.
A Very valuable Plantation or Tract of Land in *Prince-William's Parish*, containing 1076 Acres, 150 of which is cleared, exceeding good for Corn, Rice, or Indigo, situated three Miles from *Stony-Creek* or *Pocotaligo*, joining Lands of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Stephen Bull of Sheldon, Esq; John Izard, Esq; Mr. Bryan, and Mr. Deveaux. The Terms will made agreeable to the Purchaser.
JACOB VALK.

THOSE to whom Mr. Joseph Stanyarne of Stono, Planter, is anywise indebted, are desired to make known their respective Demands, to
JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract.
A Pleasant situated Lot of Land upon *New Church-street Continued*, lately belonging to **THOMAS MIDDLETON, Esq;** deceased, containing in Front 67 Feet 6 Inches, and in Depth upon the Canal leading from the Bridge to the Flood Gate 361 Feet 2 Inches, with a good Dwelling-House, and Summer House on it. Two Years Credit will be allowed, giving Bond and paying Interest, with Security if required.
JACOB VALK.

For private SALE.
A Lot of LAND, containing in Front on Meeting-Street 110 Feet, and in Depth next to *Hazel-street* 265 Feet, in Breadth next *Maiden-street* 108 Feet, and in Depth from *Maiden-street* to Meeting-Street 303 Feet; it will be divided into several Lots, as may best suit a Purchaser. Four or Five Years Credit will be given, or Negroes taken in Payments. For further Particulars, please to enquire of
JACOB VALK.

R UN AWAY a Negro Fellow named **ANDREW**, (the Property of Mr. Joseph Stanyarne, of Stono, Planter) is short and thick, about five feet five inches high, aged rather better than thirty Years; a noted Run-away, and is supposed to be gone his old Track, having been lately taken by John Galliard, Esq. Any Person that will apprehend the said Negro, and deliver him to the Warden of the Work-House, to Mr. Stanyarne, at Stono, or to me in *Charles-Town*, shall be handsomely rewarded.
JACOB VALK.

At JACOB VALK'S OFFICE,
REAL & PERSONAL ESTATES,
Are daily FOR SALE, viz.
HOUSES and **LOTS** in most Parts of *CHARLES-TOWN*.—**LANDS** and **PLANTATIONS**, in all Parts of the Province;—as likewise in *GEORGIA*.

NEGROES,
Of different Qualifications. Also,
All Kinds of **COMMISSION BUSINESS**, transacted, with Punctuality and Dispatch.

AND,
On every First Monday of the Month, WILL BE HELD,

A PUBLIC SALE, of all such PROPERTY as may be ordered for that Purpose, or any other Day, when required.
The Particulars of every Thing for Sale, may be known, at any Time, by applying personally, or by Letter.

MONEY, in any Sum, wanted at Interest, upon the best Security in the Province; and do engage to have the Interest settled within Ten Days after due.

ANY Person desirous of having his Property in **HOUSES** insured, may have it done upon easy Terms—and every Endeavour will be used, to give a general Satisfaction.

A Very valuable TRACT of LAND, containing 1000 Acres in *Amelia-Township*, within two Miles of Col. Thompson's, and about 100 from *Town*; on which is a Dwelling House, 40 Feet by 20, framed, but not finished, with Indigo Vats, and Provision enough planted for next Year; the Land is very high, and inferior to none in the Province for Indigo, with Plenty of Oak and Hickory, and a good Fence all round it; Together with, Two Hundred and Fifty Acres of *Pine-Barren*, within a Mile and a Half of the above, which it can not do well without.

Also, Twelve Hundred Acres in the Fork of the *Cowpens* and *Watauga Rivers*, near *Mc-Cord's-Ferry*, and about five Miles from Col. Thompson's, on which is a tolerable good House and other Buildings, 300 Acres of which is excellent high Swamp, has been settled some Years, and is expected to have a very great Surplus.

Two Hundred Acres upon *Watauga River*, very pleasant and healthy, situated upon a Bluff, being all Oak and Hickory, and nearly adjoining Lands of Mr. Peter Leger.

Likewise, A very valuable Tract of Land, containing 1600 Acres, situated at *Saltwater*, 12 Miles from the Landing; 600 Acres is fine Rice Swamp, 600 Pine, and 400 good Oak and Hickory has been settled, but no Buildings on it. Plats may be seen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to
JACOB VALK.

THE Subscriber will sell at private Sale, his valuable Plantation in St. John's Parish, Berkeley County, containing upwards of 1500 Acres of Land, about 350 whereof is prime Rice Land, 100 of which, or thereabouts, is uncultivated, with two good Rice Drains about 150 Acres of as good Indigo or Provision Land as need be planted, as the Crops of Rice, Corn, Pease, &c. produced therefrom the present Year, will evince; the Remainder of the Tract is *Pine Land*, whereon is great Plenty of the best Timber for all Kinds of Plantation Uses. On the Premises is a Two-Story House, the Frame whereof is entirely of Cypress, and with a little Repair, would make a very good Dwelling House, and large enough for any Family; a new Barn, and perhaps as complete a one as any in the Province, the Dimensions Sixty-four Feet by Thirty-eight, with a new Pounding Machine, that works in the Barn; Seven double Negro Houses, all framed on Cills, weather boarded, &c. with other necessary Buildings, a good Garden, a young Orchard of choice Fruit Trees, &c. &c.
The above Plantation is seven Miles from *Monck's-Corner*, about four Miles from the Church, and the same Distance from *Watauga* Landing, and adjoins *Watauga-Bayou*. The Person purchasing, may have Possession as soon as the present Crop is beat out. The Purchase Money is not wanted, provided the Interest is regularly paid, and good Security given.
ROGER PINCKNEY.

Charles-Town, December 2, 1774.
THE Honourable the **CHURCH-COMMISSIONERS**, are hereby summoned to meet in the Council Chamber, on Friday the fifth Day of January next, at ten o'Clock in the Forenoon.
By Order of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,
JAMES JOHNSON.

CHARLES-TOWN, JANUARY 18, 1775.
AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, intitled, "An ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD."
I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that in parts from the Northern Colonies, to be at SIX POUNDS and FIFTY SHILLINGS, per Hundred Pounds Weight, and *Carolina Flour* at FOUR POUNDS and FIFTY SHILLINGS (being both used by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves must weigh as follows:

OF NORTHWARD FLOUR.			OF CAROLINA FLOUR.		
WHITE.	lb.	sz.	WHITE.	lb.	sz.
	1	10		3	0
WHOLEST.	3	7	WHOLEST.	3	0
HOUSEHOLD.	3	5	HOUSEHOLD.	4	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take Notice.
GEORGE SHEPP, City-Clerk.